LASER SUPPORTING ATTACHMENT FOR VEHICLE ALIGNMENT SYSTEM

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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The present invention relates generally to wheel alignment systems and more particularly to a laser-based wheel alignment system having a laser supporting attachment for a vehicle wheel spindle or hub.

The axes about which the front wheels of an 7 automobile or truck turn as it travels down the road 8 must be carefully set to minimize tire wear and insure 9 10 stable handling characteristics. and orientation of these axes is determined by three 11 angles: 1) the toe-in angle, which specifies the angle 12 between the rim of the wheels and a line drawn 13 parallel to the direction in which the car is pointed; 14 2) the camber angle, which specifies the angle between 15 the rim of the wheels and the vertical; and 3) the 16 caster angle, which specifies the angle between the 17 vertical and the axis about which the individual 18 wheels turn when changing direction. These angles are 19 typically specified individually for each wheel and 20 each model and make of vehicle and must be 21 periodically tested and reset as the vehicle and tires 22 age to insure continued economic and safe vehicle 23 24 performance.

The alignment of the steerable wheels of motor vehicles with respect to camber, toe-in and caster measuring devices of axle measurement equipment must assume a position accurately defined with respect to a vehicle part. Prior art installations include fastening plates for the mounting of the measuring devices. The alignment of the plane of the fastening plate takes place parallel to the plane of the outer

surface of the respective brake drum of the wheel at 1 a distance by means of abutment pins connected with 2 3 the fastening plate. In order that the end faces of the abutment pins are able to abut at the flat-4 machined reference wheel surface hub without having to 5 disassemble the vehicle wheel, the wheel disk is 6 provided with correspondingly constructed bores, 7 8 through which extend the abutment pins. Arms with hook-shaped ends are used in the fastening of the 9 installation to the wheel and extend about apertures 10 of the wheel disk and are connected with the fastening 11 12 In this manner, the measurement equipment mounted on the fastening plate is retained supported 13 on the brake drum or the wheel hub. 14 It is thereby disadvantageous and costly in that it is not possible 15 in practice to control the abutment of the end faces 16 of the contact pins on the reference surface with 17 18 simple mechanical means since the abutment surface is not freely accessible. 19 If the abutment of all abutment pins on the reference surface is not assured, 20 then incorrect adjustments of camber, toe-in or caster 21 22 may result therefrom when unevenness of the reference surface are not noticed or dirt particles or metal 23 chips are disposed between abutment pins and abutment 24 surface or if the installation rests tilted or canted 25 in the bore holes. 26 27

The present invention attaches a laser module directly to the vehicle wheel spindle or hub to provide a more accurate positioning of the laser.

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SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

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3 A vehicle laser alignment system laser supporting attachment for mounting a laser module to either the 4 wheel spindle or hub of a vehicle has a plurality of 5 attachments for attaching to different vehicles. 6 laser module supporting mandrel has a cradle for 7 supporting the laser module on one end and a mandrel 8 to wheel adapter connection on the other end thereof 9 and has a slot formed in the side of the mandrel. A 10 mandrel-to-wheel adapter is selected for a particular 11 vehicle and is removably attached to the mandrel on 12 the mandrel-to-wheel adapter connection for attaching 13 the mandrel to a specific vehicle. An adapter holding 14 plate has a threaded opening therein and is sized to 15 fit into the mandrel slot for bolting the mandrel to 16 a specific mandrel-to-wheel adapter on one end of the 17 18 The threaded bolt removably fastens the mandrel-to-wheel adapter to the mandrel by bolting 19 through the mandrel-to-wheel adapter into the adapter 20 holding plate. The mandrel-to-wheel adapter can be 21 rapidly changed for threadedly attaching the mandrel 22 to the end of a threaded spindle or for bolting the 23 24 mandrel onto the wheel hub.

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BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

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Other objects, features, and advantages of the present invention will be apparent from the written description and the drawings in which:

Figure 1 is a perspective view of a laser supporting attachment according to the present invention attached to a wheel spindle;

Figure 2 is an exploded perspective view of a laser supporting attachment of Figure 1;

Figure 3 is an exploded perspective view of a laser supporting attachment having a hub attaching adapter; and

Figure 4 is a cutaway elevation of the laser supporting attachment attached to a vehicle wheel.

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DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

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11 Referring to the drawings and especially to Figures 1 and 2, a laser supporting attachment for a 12 vehicle alignment system is illustrated attached to 13 the end of a spindle 10 of a vehicle wheel 11. 14 15 laser module 12 has a laser 13 and bubble levels 14 16 and is attached to a laser supporting mandrel 15. The mandrel 15 has a spindle attaching adapter 16 17 attached to one end thereof for attaching the mandrel 18 15 to the wheel spindle 10. In the case of Figures 1, 19 2 and 4, the adapter 16 is a cylindrical adapter 20 having a threaded bore 17 in one end with threads 21 sized to fit on the threaded end of the spindle 10. 22 The adapter 16 has a supporting annular lip 18 and has 23 a bore 20 passing therethrough for receiving a nut 21. 24 The mandrel 15 can be seen having a laser module 25 cradle 22 formed on one end thereof and having a bore 26 23 through the bottom thereof for receiving a nut 24. 27 The laser module 12 is supported in the cradle 22, as 28 seen in Figure 1, and the bolt 24 is passed through 29 the opening 23 and threaded into the bottom of the 30 laser module 12 for supporting the laser module on the 31 end of the mandrel 15. 32 The mandrel 15 also has a slot 25 in the other end portion thereof sized to receive 33

an adapter holding plate 26, shaped similar to a T-1 bar, and having a threaded opening 27 in the center 2 The top of the plate 26 has the general 3 thereof. curve as the cylindrical mandrel 15. The adapter 4 holding plate 26 is slipped into to the slot 25 so 5 that the adapter 16 can be positioned on the end of 6 the mandrel 15 supported by the lip 18 sliding into 7 8 end of the cylindrical mandrel 15. The bolt 21 is passing through the bore 20 and bolted into the 9 threaded opening 27 in the adapter holding plate 26. 10 This allow the mandrel 15 with the adapter 16 to be 11 attached to the end of the spindle 10 onto the 12 threaded portion 30 after removing the grease cap that 13 normally covers the end of the spindle. Once the 14 laser module 12 supporting mandrel 15 with the adapter 15 16 attached thereto is attached to the threads 30, the 16 laser is then used in a laser alignment system by 17 directing the laser at positioned targets for 18

The present invention, however, is a universal laser module mounting system in which a variety of adapters 16 can be attached to a mandrel 15 for different vehicles having different wheel configurations.

adjusting the toe-in angle and the camber and caster

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angles of the wheel.

Turning to Figures 3 and 4, an alternate embodiment 31 of a laser supporting attachment for a vehicle alignment system is illustrated in which the mandrel 15 has the laser module 12 fitting into the cradle 22 and anchored with the bolt 24 in the same manner as shown in Figures 1 and 2. The mandrel 15 has slot 25 and an identical adapter holding plate 26 for sliding thereinto. However, a different adapter

32 is attached to the mandrel 15 for mounting the mandrel 15 to a wheel hub of a vehicle 33. mounting adapter 32 has a bore 34 therethrough for receiving the nut 21 and also has a supporting lip 35 around one end. Adapter 32, however, has a hub mounting flange 36 having a plurality of openings 37 positioned to fit over the studs of a particular wheel hub for mounting the laser supporting attachment 31 to the vehicle 33 wheel 38 for supporting the laser module 12 for use in aligning a vehicle wheels 38. The adapter plate 32 is attached to the mandrel 15 with the bolt 21 passing through the bore 34 and is attached to the threads 27 of the adapter holding plate 26.

The present laser supporting attachment for vehicle alignment systems advantageously allows the same laser module and attaching mandrel to be used for any desired vehicle used with a small number of wheel adapters. The present invention advantageously attaches the laser module directly to the spindle or at the end of the hub to avoid the runout of other systems which attach laser modules to the wheel rim or to the tires and thereby provides a more accurate alignment system. However, the present invention is not to be construed as limited to the forms shown which are to be considered illustrative rather than restrictive.